



Food and Agriculture
Organization of the
United Nations



United Nations
Environment Programme

PROJECT CONCEPT NOTE

CONVENTIONS: ■BC □RC □SC □SYN		PROJECT TITLE: Partnerships for technical assistance (PoW 18) - Environmentally sound management of household waste	
FUNDING OPTIONS: □Funding in full ■ Partial funding possible		TYPE / LOCATION ■ Global □ Regional □ National	TARGETED COUNTRIES: Global
MANDATE COP decision(s): Decisions BC-12/13 and BC-13/14 of the Basel Convention			
Rationale One of the key challenges related to waste management faced by national governments, municipalities and the public, particularly in developing countries, countries with economies in transition and small island developing states (SIDS) is to achieve the prevention and minimization of household wastes and their environmentally sound management (ESM) when the generation of such wastes cannot be avoided. By its decision BC-12/13, the twelfth meeting of the Conference of the Parties to the Basel Convention agreed to the development of a workplan on the ESM of household waste with a focus on the needs of developing countries and countries with economies in transition that might include, but would not be limited to, the development of guidance documents and/or manuals on, inter alia, best practices, business models and innovative solutions for the circular economy in various socioeconomic contexts as well as a concept for a partnership to assist municipalities. By its decision BC-13/14, the Conference of the Parties decided to establish a working group of the household waste partnership that would be responsible for overseeing organizational matters pertaining to the implementation of the partnership's activities, including the establishment of project groups and the review of their work products and reports, serving as a forum for information sharing and taking the lead in awareness-raising, outreach and coordination in relation to activities undertaken by the partnership. The COP also adopted terms of reference for the household waste partnership and requested the working group to implement the work-plan annexed to the decision. The objective of the household waste partnership is to promote the ESM of household waste including its prevention and minimization, and to enable the decoupling of economic growth and environmental impacts associated with the generation of household waste and its initial handling by the public in their households.			
Outcomes and indicators of achievement			
Outcomes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Effective support is provided to the working group of the Household Waste Partnership in undertaking its activities outlined in the household waste partnership workplan. An important additional aspect that is promoted through cooperation in partnerships is the increased linkage between the regional centres and members and networks of these partnerships for further positioning regional centres as project executing agencies. 			
Indicators of achievement: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Effective support is provided by the Secretariat to the household waste partnership working group; The household waste partnership working group undertakes the activities in its workplan as mandated by COP 13. 		Means of verification: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Reports of the meetings and teleconferences, partnership website; Progress report to BC OEWG -11 and COP 14. 	
IMPLEMENTATION TIMEFRAME			
Project start date: 01/2018		Project completion date: 12/2019	Total duration: 24 months

SOCIO-ECONOMIC ASPECTS		
Sustainable Development Goals:		
The household waste partnership supports the implementation of SDG target 12.5 where, by 2030, waste generation should be substantially reduced through prevention, reduction, recycling and reuse. It also contributes to SDG target 11.6 by reducing the adverse environmental impact of cities paying special attention to municipal and other waste management.		
Gender mainstreaming:		
The household waste partnership addresses gender differentiated target groups, as appropriate, e.g. with respect to waste segregation in the households, waste collection and processing behaviour and waste workers' safety and protection. The most vulnerable groups are women and children who are often actively engaged in the informal waste management practices in the developing countries and thus will benefit from the enhanced household waste management. Mother's intake of toxic chemicals and body burden is transferred across the placenta and through breast milk.		
Integrated Approach:		
The partnership will involve the Basel and Stockholm conventions regional centres which play a major role in the execution of related projects and activities to build and strengthen national and regional expertise on chemicals and waste issues. All activities support the implementation of the chemicals and wastes agenda and contribute to mainstreaming chemicals and waste issues at the national and regional levels. The partnership will involve industry partners in the set-up and implementation of its activities. It builds on technical and financial support from countries and the private sector so that its workplan can be implemented as mandated by COP 13.		
PARTNERS		
Parties to the Basel Convention, Regional centres of the Basel and Stockholm conventions, UNEP DTIE-IETC, inter-governmental organizations, industry, local authorities / municipalities and non-governmental organizations that are partners or observers in the partnership activities.		
PROPOSED ACTIVITIES AND BUDGET FOR THE BIENNIUM 2018-19 [USD]		
Activity	Output type	Budget
Organise meetings of the Household Waste Partnership	Meeting and travel costs	180,000
Support for development of activities in Household Waste Partnership working group workplan	Experts' support	180,000
DIRECT PROJECT COST OPERATIONAL BUDGET		360,000
<i>Programme Support Costs (PSC) 13%</i>		<i>46,800</i>
TOTAL OPERATIONAL BUDGET		406,800